### NATIONAL REPUBLICAN.

THE SUNBEAM IN THE CHURCH. It sweetly stole through tinted pane, With mild and mellow light, And stayed within the sacred fane,

As though it loved the sight. It played on childbood's cloudless brow, in warm and rosy rays,
And gave the mother's pallid cheek
The bloom of other days.

It touched the old man's silver head With amber's softest bue, And fondly o'er the hallowed font A peaceful rainbow threw.

It lit the sculptor's classic group, Or monumental stone,
And lingered long with faith and hope,
And round the mourner shone.

It o'er the blessed altar hung,
And crowned the priest with gold;
A royal robe the surplice seemed,
And fell in purple fold.

More bright than Asron's breastplate glowed The holy book of God; And gems bestrewed the very floor, hereon the people trod.

E'en thus the Spirit's living light
Will all our lives turround,
And we that heavenly gift may seek
Within the Church's bound.

Then come, by font and altar come, With faith and works of love And darkest days shall brightly beam, With radiance from above.

A LITTLE GIRL LOST IN THE MOUNTAINS IN ALLEGHANY COUNTY.—On Saturday last, Kate daughter of Col. John Pickell, editor of the stburg (Md.) Gazette, aged six years, left father's residence to visit Mrs. Patterson and daughter, residing only a few hundred yards distant. Becoming frightened as she approached the house by the barking of a dog, passed beyond it, and immediately got be ered, and wandered about through field and valleys, and over hills and mountains, woods and thickets, without resting, until half past three o'clock the following morning, when she reached the house of Mr. David Knode about two miles south from Frostburg, where she was kindly received, after an exposure of early seven hours to the intense cold weather the thermometer, during a portion of the night, being only two degrees above zero. Soon after came known, the bell of the Luther an church was rung, and the citizens turned out almost en masse, and in parties of 50 or 60 searched the mountains and fields until three o'clock in the morning, without success. After daylight the search was renewed and continu-ed until nine P. M., when news of the safety of the little girl was received. It is supposed she wandered over a distance of twelve or fifteen miles, as she says she was compelled to wall

SOUTHERN ENIGRATION WESTWARD. - The Shelbyville (Tenn.) Expositor says: Never at any time in the memory of the oldest inhabitant has so great a tide of emigration been witnessed as is daily rolling Westward through this town. They hail from Virginia, from North Carolina, from everywhere East, and are bound, some for Texas, some for Missouri, and some for the Lord knows where. Our own county and State have sent large delegations to the great West. We notice an unusual number of slaves in the trains of the movers.

CAPTURE OF A SLAVER.-Letters from Zanzibar report that the ship Sunny South, with 846 slaves on board, had been captured by the British ship Brisk, and sent to the Mauritius Islands. The Sunny South was built in New York, and cleared at that port on the 5th of November, 1859, for Havana, from which lat-ter place she hailed when captured.

Hon. John Minor Botts has written a long letter, setting forth his scheme for settling all difficulties between the North and South, and which, if adopted, it is said, will be satisfactory both sections. The letter is not yet pub

The San Francisco correspondent of the New York Herald says, that four years ago a Re-publican orator could not, with safety to his person, appear in public to advocate the prin-ciples of that party, and at a later date the State could be relied on by about 15,000 votes, or one eighth of the total humber, for a Re

Pine Pamily Groceries, Teas, &c. Virginia and Pennsylvania Buckwheat. Fresh Corn Meal. Choice Goshen Butter. Prime Leaf Lard. Choice Green and Black Teas. New Sugar-cured Family Hams. Just received and for sale low by

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14. They do not require a screw-driver to set the needle 15. They do not have to be taken apart to oil

or clean.

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Organization of the Departments. STATE DEPARTMENT.

The whole machinery employed to conduct the business arising out of our foreign relations with all the Powers of the world is far more simple all the Powers of the world is far more simple than is generally conceived. The number em-ployed in the Department of State of the United States is only twenty-eight, as follows: One Sec-retary of State, (Hon. Lewis Cass.) one Assistant twenty-two Clerks, one Translator, and one Li-

Diplomatic Branch.-This branch of the State Department has charge of all correspondence between the Department and other diplematic agents of the Unite States abroad, and those of foreign Powers accredited to this Government. In it all diplomatic instructions sent from the Department, and communications to commissionunder treaties of boundaries &c., are prepared, copied, and recorded; and all of like char-acter received are registered and filed, their contents being first entered in an analytic table or

Consular Branch .- This branch has charge of the correspondence, &c., between the Departm and the conculs and commercial agents of United States. In it instructions to those of and answers to their dispatches and to letters from other persons asking for consular agency, or relating to consular affairs, are prepared and

The Disbursing Agent.—He has charge of all correspondence and other matters connected with accounts relating to any fund with the disbursement of which the Department is charged.

The Translator.—His duties are to furnish such translations as the Department may require. He also records the commissions of consuls and vice consuls, when not in English, upon which exe-quaturs are issued.

Clerk of Appointments and Commissions.—He makes out and records commissions, letters of appointment, and nominations to the Senate; makes out and records exequaturs, and records, when in English, the commissions on which they are issued. Has charge of the library.

Gerk of the Rolls and Archives .- He takes charge of the rolls, or enrolled acts and resolutions Congress, as they are received at the Department from the President; prepares the authenticated copies thereof which are called for; prepares for and superintends their publication, and that of treaties, in the newspapers and in book form; attends to their distribution throughout the United States, and that of all documents and publications in regard to which this duty is assigned to the Department; writing and answering all letters connected therewith. Has charge of all Indian treaties, and business relating thereto.

Clerk of Territorial Business-The Seal of the Department, &c.—He has charge of the seals of the United States and of the Department, and prepares and attaches certificates to papers pre-sented for authentication; has charge of the Territorial business; immigration and registered sea men; records all letters from the Department other than the diplomatic and consular.

Cerk of Pardons and Passports.-He prepared and records pardons and remissions; and registers and files the petitions and papers on which they are founded. Makes out and records pass-ports; k-eps a daily register of all letters, other than diplomatic and consular, received, and of esition made of them; prepares letters

Superintendent of Statistics.—He superintends the preparati n of the "Annual Report of the Secretary of State and Foreign Commerce," as required by the acts of 1842 and 1856.

ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OFFICE.

Hon. Jeremish S. Black, Attorney General of the United States; A. B. McCalmont, Esq., Assist-ant. The ordinary business of this office may be classified under the following heads: 1. Official opinions on the current business of nt, as called for by the President

by any head of Department, or by the Solicitor of the Treasury.

2. Examination of the titles of all land pur-

chased, as the sites of arsenals, custom-houses light-houses, and all other public works of the United States.

3. Applications for pardons in all cases of conviction in the courts of the United States.

4. Applications for appointment in all the judicial and legal business of the Government.

5. The conduct and argument of all suits in the Supreme Court of the United States in which the Government is concerned. 6 The supervision of all other suits arising in any of the Departments, when referred by the

head thereof to the Attorney General.

To these ordinary beads of the business of the office is added at the present time the direction of all appeals on land claims in California.

# INTERIOR DEPARTMENT.

Secretary of the Department of the Interior Hon. Jacob Thompson, of the State of Mississippi. Its clerical force consists of one Chief Clerk, (Moses Kelly, Esq.,) two Disbursing Clerks, and ten other regular Clerks; and to its supe vision and management are committed the fol-lowing branches of the public service:

1 t. The Public Lands .- The chief of this bu reau is called the Commissioner of the General Land Office. The Land Bur-au is charged with the survey, manazement, and sale of the public domain, and the issuing of titles therefor, whether derived from confirmations of grants made by former Governments, by sales, donations, of grants for schools, military bounties, or public improvements, and likewise the revision of Vir-ginia military bounty-land claims, and the issu-ing of scrip in lieu thereof. The Land Office, also, audits its own accounts. The present Com missioner is Joseph S. Wilson. Its princial officers are a Recorder, Chief Clerk, who also acts as Commissioner ad interim, Principal Clerk of Surveys, besides a Draughtsman, Assis ant Draughtsman, and some 150 Clerks of various

2d. Pensions .- The present head of this bureau is George C. Whiting, of Virginia. The Com-missioner is charged with the examination and adjudication of all claims arising under the various and numerous laws passed by Congress granting bounty land or pensions for the mili-tary or naval services in the revolutionary and subsequent wars in which the United States have been engaged. He has one Chief Clerk, (John

neen engaged. He has one Chief Cierk, (John Robb, Esq.,) and a permanent corps, consisting of some seventy other Clerks.

3d. Indians.—Commissioner of Indian Affairs, A. B. Greenwood, of Arkansas. He is provided with a Chief Cierk, and about fifteen other sub-

or linate Clerks.
4th. Patent Office.-Hon. Philip F. Thomas, of Maryland, Commissioner of Patents. To this bureau is committed the execution and perform-ance of all "a:ts and things touching and respecting the granting and issuing of pa ents for new and useful discoveries, inventions, and im provemen's;" the collection of statistics rela-ing to agriculture; the collection and distribuof seeds, plants, and cuttings. It has a Chi f Clerk—who is by law the acting Commis-sioner of Patents in the absence of the Commis-sioner—twelve principal and twelve assistant Examiners of Patents, some dozen subordinate permanent Clerks, besides a consid rable num-ber of temporary employees. Samuel T. Shu-gert, Esq., Chief Clerk.

An act passed at the last session of Congres provided that all books, maps, charts, and other publications, heretofore deposited in the Department of State, according to the laws regulating copyrights, should be removed to the De-partment of the Interior, which is charged wish all the duties connected with matters pertaining to copyright; which duties have been assigned the Secretary of the Interior to the Patent Of-

fice, as belonging most appropriately to this branch of the service. Besid a these four principal branches of this new Executive Department, the organic act of 1849 transferred to it from the Treasury Depart-ment the supervision of the accounts of the Uni-ted States Marshals a d Attorneys, and the Clarks of the United States Courts, the manage ment of the lead and other mines of the Uni States, a d the affairs of the penitentiary of States, a d the affairs of the penitentiary of the United States in the District of Columbia; and from the State Department the duty of taking and returning the censuses of the Uni ed States, and of supervising and directing the acts of the Commissioner of Public Buildings. The Hospital for the Insane of the army and navy and of the District of Columbia is also under the management of this Department; in addition to which, by laws recently passed, the Secretary of the Interior is charged with the construction of the three wagon roads leading to the Pacific

Coast.

Under act of February 5, 1859, "providing for keeping and dis ributing all public documents, all the books, documents, &c., printed or purchased by the Government," the Annals of Congress, American State Papers, American Scate Coastantial Coastantia Coastantial Coastantial Department, Library of Congress, and elsewhere; also, the Journals and Documents of the Thirty-fifth Congress. These valuable, works are distributed to those who are by law entitled to receive them, and to such "colleges, public libra-ries, athenaums, literary and scientific instituboards of trade, or public associations,

The Department requires an additional build-The Department requires an additional objd-ing for its accommodation, and the erection of one has been repeatedly recommended during the last few years for that purpose. At present, the Pension Office is provided with rooms in what is known as "Winder's Building," while the other branches of the Department, including the Secretary's office, are all crowded into the Patent Office building the whole of which will be re-Office building, the whole of which will be required at an early day for the use of the Patent Office, for which it was originally intended.

#### TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

Treasury Department consists of the offices of the Secretary of the Treasury, two Comp-tro'lers, Commissioner of the Customs, six Aulitors, Treasurer, Register, Solicitor, Light-house

Board, and Coast Survey.

The following is a brief indication of the duties of these several offices, and of the force employed therein, respectively:

Scretary's Office.—Hon. Howell Cobb, Secre-tary of the Treasury; Hon. Philip Clayton, Assist-ant Secretary; one Edgineer in Charge; one Architect, and three Draughtamen temporarily employed, and twenty-three Clerks. The Secretary of the Treasury is charged with the general supervision of the fiscal transactions of the ernment, and of the execution of the laws ceraing the commerce and navigation of the United States. He superintends the survey of the coast, the l'ght-house eatablishment, the ma-rine hospitals of the United States, and the construction of certain public buildings for custom bouses and other purposes.

First Comptroller's Office.—Hon, William Me-dill, Comptroller, and fifteen Clerks. He pre-scribes the mode of keeping and rendering ac-counts for the civil and diplomatic service, as well as the public lands, and revises and certified the balances arising thereon.

Second Compiroller's Office.—J. M. Cutts, Esq., Comptroller, and seventeen Clerks. He prescribes the mode of keeping and rendering the accounts of the Army, Navy, and Indian departments of the public service, and revises and certifies the balances arising thereon,

Office of C. mmissioner of Customs.—Samuel Ingham, Esq., Commissioner, and eleven Clerks. He prescribes the mode of keeping and rendering accounts of the customs, revenue, and dis ursements, and for the building and custom-houses, &c., and revises and certifies the balances arising thereon.

First Auditor's Office.—Thomas L. Smith, Esq. First Auditor, and nineteen Clerks. He receives nd adjusts the accounts of the customs revenu and disbursements, appropriations and expend-itures on account of the civil list, and under private acts of Congress, and reports the balances to the Commissioner of the Customs and the First Comptroller, respectively, for their decision

Second Auditor's Office.-Thomas J. D. Fuller, Second Auditor, and twenty-one Clerks. He re-ceives and adjusts all accounts relating to the pay, clothing, and recruiting of the army, as well armories, arsenals, and ordnance, and all accounts relating to the Indian department, and reports the balances to the Second Comptroller, for his decision thereon.

Third Auditor's Office.-Robert J. Atkinson, Esq., Third Auditor, and seventy-eight Clerks eccives and adjusts all accounts for subsist ence of the army, fortifications, Military Acad-emy, military roads, and the Quartermaster's department, as well as for pensions, claims arising from military services previous to 1816, and for ho ses and other property lost in the military service, under various acts of Congress, and re ts the balances to the Second Comptroller, for his decision thereon.

Fourth Auditor's Office .- A. J. O'Bannon, Esq. Fourth Auditor, and sixteen Clerks. He received and adjusts all accounts for the service of the Department, and reports the balances to second Comptroller, for his decision thereon.

Fifth Auditor's Office. - Bartholomew Fuller, Esq., Fifth Auditor, and six Clerks. He re-ceives and adjusts all accounts for diplomatic and similar services performed under the direction of the State Department, and reports the bulances to the First Comptroller, for his decision

Sixth Auditor's Office .- Dr. Thomas M. Tate Auditor of the Treasury for the Post Office Department, and one hundred and fourteen Clerks He receives and adjusts all accounts arising fro the service of the Post Office Departme decisions are final, unless an appeal be taken in twelve months to the First Comptroller. He superintends the collection of all debts due the Post Office Department, and all penalties and forfeitures imposed on postmasters and mail con-tractors for failing to do their duty; he directs suits and legal proceedings, civil and criminal, and takes all such measures as may be authorized by law to enforce the prompt payment of moneys due to the Department; instructing Uni-ted States attorneys, marshals, and clerks, on all matters relating thereto; and receives returns from each term of the United States courts, of the condition and progress of such suits and legal proceedings; has charge of all lands and other property assigned to the United States in pay-ment of debts due the Post Office Department, and has power to sell and dispose of the sam for the benefit of the United States.

Treasurer's Office.—Samuel Casey, Esq., Treasurer, and thirteen Clerks. He receives and keeps the moneys of the United States in his own office, and that of the depositories created by the act of the 6th of August, 1846, and pays out the same upon warrants drawn by the Secretary of the Treasury, countersigned by the First Co troller, and upon warrants drawn by the Post-master General, and countersigned by the Sixth Auditor, and recorded by the Register. He also holds public moneys advanced by warrant to disbursing officers, and pays out the same upon their checks. Register's Office.—Finley Bigger, Esq., Register, and twenty-nine Clerks. He keeps the accounts

and twenty-nine Clerks. He keeps the accounts of public receipts and expenditures; receives the returns and makes out the official statement

of commerce and navigation of the United States; and receives from the First Comptroller and

Commissioner of Customs all accounts and

for the benefit of the United States. Light-House Board.—Hon. Howell Cobb, Secretary of the Treasury, ex-officio President; Com. W. B. Shubrick, United States Navy, Chairman; Commander E. G. Tilton, United States Navy; Major A. H. Bowman, Corps of Engineers, United States Army; Capt. A. A. Humphreys, Corps Topographical Engineers, United States Army; Prof. Joseph Henry, Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution; Prof. A. D. Bache, Superintendent of the Coast Survey; Commander Raphael Semmes, United States Navy, and Captain W. F. Smith, Corps Topographical Engineers, United States Army, members, the last two being also Secretaries; and five Clerks. This board directs the building and repairing of lighthouses, light-vessels, beacons, and buoys, contracts for supplies, and governs the personnel of Light-House Board .- Hon. Howell Cobb, Sec.

vouchers decided by them, and is charged by law with their safe keeping.

and six Clerks. He superintends all civil suits commenced by the United States, (except those arising in the Post Office Department,) and instructs the United States attorneys, marshals, and

clerks, in all matters relating to them and their results. He receives returns from each term of the United States courts, showing the progress

lands and other property assigned to the United States in payment of debts, (except those assigned in payment of debts due the Post Office Department,) and has power to sell and dispose of the same for the Maria States.

and condition of such suits; has charge

Solicitor's Office. - Hon. Junius Hillyer, Solicitor

United States Coast Survey.—Professor A. D. Bache, LL. D., Superintendent, and Superintendent of Weights and Measures.

Capt. William R. Palmer, Corps Topographical

tracts for supplies, and governs the perso

gineers, United States Army, in charge of the ast Survey Office; Lieut. A. P. Hill, United States Army, Assistant. Assistant W. P. Trowbridge, computer of

Assistant Chas. A. Schott, in charge of computing division.

Assistant L. F. Pourtales, in charge of tidal

division.
Lieut. Thomas Wilson, United States Army, in charge of drawing division.
Mr. Edward Wharton, acting in charge of engraving division.
Lieut. John R. Smead, United States Army, in

charge of miscellaneous divisions. Samuel Hein, Disbursing Agent. George Mathiot, Electrotypist.

Joseph Saxton, Assistant to Superintendent of

# POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Hon. Joseph Holt, Postmaster General. The direction and management of the Post Office Department are assigned by the Constitution and laws to the Postmaster General. That its business may be the more conveniently arranged and prepared for his final action, it is distributed action. among several bureaus, as follows: The Ap-pointment Office, in charge of the First Assistant Postmaster General; the Contract Office, in charge of the Second Assistant Postmaster General; the Finance Office, in charge of the Assistant Postmaster General; and the I tion Office, in charge of the Chief Clerk.

Appointment Office.—Horatio King, Esq., First Assistant Postmaster General, and nineteen Ulerks. To this office are assigned all questions which relate to the eslablishment and discon-tinuance of post offices, changes of sites and names, appointment and removal of postmasters and route and local agents, as also the giving of instructions to postmasters. Postmasters are furnished with marking and rating stamps and letter balances by this bureau, which is charged also with providing blanks and stationery for the use of the Department, and with the superintendence of the average agencies established for tendence of the several agencies established for supplying postmasters with blanks. To this bureau is likewise assigned the supervision of the ocean mail steamship lines, and of the foreign and international postal arrangements.

and international postal arrangements.

Contract Office.—William H. Dundas, Esq, Second Assistant Postmaster General, and twenty-six clerks. To this office is assigned the business of arranging the mail service of the United States, and placing the same under contract, embracing all correspondence and proceedings respecting the frequency of trips, mode of conveyance, and times of departures and arrivals on all the routes; the course of the mail between the different sections of the country, the points of mail distribution, and the regulations for the government of the domestic mail the points of mail distribution, and the regula-tions for the government of the domestic mail service of the United States. It prepares the advertisements for mail proposals, receives the bids, and takes charge of the annual and occa-sional mail lettings, and the adjustment and exe-cution of the contracts. All applications for the establishment or alteration of mail arrange-ments and the annulations of Mail Accessory. ments, and the appointment of Mail Messeng should be sent to this office. All claims be submitted to it for transportation service not under contract, as the recognition of said service is first to be obtained through the Contract Office, as a necessary authority for the proper credits at the Auditor's Office. From this office all postmasters at the ends of routes receive the Auditor all contracts executed, and all orders affecting accounts for mail transportation; pre-pares the statistical exhibits of the mail service, and the reports of the mail lettings, giving a statement of each bid; also, of the made, the new service originated, the curtailordered, and the additional allowances granted within the year.

Finance Office.—A. N. Zevely, Esq., Third Assistant Postmaster General, and twenty-one clerks. To this office are assigned the supervision and management of the financial business of the Department, not devolved by law upon the Auditor, embracing accounts with the draft office and other department. offices and other depositaries of the Departme offices and other depositaries of the Department, the iss ing of warrants and drafts in payment of balances reported by the Auditor to be due to mail contractors and other persons, the supervis-ion of the accounts of offices under orders to ints, and the superintendence of the rendition by postmasters of their quarierly returns of postages. It has charge of the Dead-Letter Office, of the issuing of postage stamps and stamped envelopes for the pre-payment of postage, and of the accounts connected therewith.

To the Third Assistant Postmaster General all postmasters should direct their constraints.

postmasters should direct their quarterly returns of postage; those at draft offices, their letters reporting quarterly the net proceeds of their offices; and those at depositing offices, their cer-tificates of deposit; to him should also be directed the weekly and monthly returns of the depositaries of the Department, as well as all applications and receipts for postage stamps and stamped envelopes, and for dead letters.

Inspection Office.-Benj. N. C'ements, Esq., Chief Clerk, and seventeen clerks. To this office is assigned the duty of receiving and examining the mails, certificates of the service of agents, and reports of mail failures; of a the delinquencies of contractors the registers of the arrivals and departures of inquencies of contractors, and preparing cases thereon for the action of the Postmaste General; furnishing blanks for mail registers, and reports of mail failures; providing and sending out mail bags and mail locks and keys, and doing all other things which may be neces-sary to secure a faithful and exact performance f all mail contracts.

All cases of mail depredation, of violation of

law by private expresses, or by the forging or illegal use of postage stam s, are under the su-pervision of this office, and should be reported

All communications respecting lost money, letters, mail depredations, or other violations of law, or mail locks and keys, should be directed, 'Chief Clerk, Post Office Department.'

All registers of the arrivals and departures of

the mails, certificates of the service of route agents, reports of mail failures, applications for blank registers, and reports of failures, and all complaints against contractors for irregular or imperfect service, should be directed, "Inspection Office, Post Office Department.'

### NAVY DEPARTMENT.

The Navy Department consists of the Navy Department proper, being the office of the Secretary and of five bureaus attached therete, viz: Bureau of Navy Yards and Docks, Bureau of Construction, Equipment, and Repair, Bureau of Provisions and Clothing, Bureau of Ordnance and Hydrography, and the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery.

and Surgery.

The following is a statement of the duties of each of these offices, and of the force employed

Secretary's Office.—Hon. Isaac Touccy, Secretary of the Navy; Charles W. Welsh, Esq., Chief Clerk, and eleven Clerks. The Secretary Chief Clerk, and cleven Clerks. The Secretary of the Navy has charge of everything connected with the naval establishment, and the execution of all laws relating thereto is intrusted to bim, under the general direction of the President of the United States, who, by the Constitution, is Commander-in-chief of the Army and Navy. All instructions to commanders of squadrons and commanders of vessels, all orders of officers commissions of officers both in the navy and marine corps, appointments of commissioned and warrant officers, orders for the collisiment and discharge of seamen, emanate from the Sec-retary's Office. All the duties of the different bureaus are perform d under the authority of the Secretary, and their orders are considered as emanating from him. The general superintendence of the marine corps forms also a part of the duties of the Secretary, and all the orders of the commandant of that corps should be ap-

Bureau of Navy Yards and Docks.—Commodore Joseph Smith, Chief of the Bureau, four Clerks, one Civil Engineer, and one Draughtsman. All the navy yards, docks, and wharves, buildings and machinery in navy yards, and everything immediately connected with them, are under the superintendence of this bureau. It is also charged with the management of the Naval Aavlum.

Asylum.

Bureau of Construction, Equipment, and Repair.—John Lenthall, Esq., Chief of the Bureau, eight Clerks, and one Draughtsman. The office of the Engineer-in-chief of the Navy, Samuel Archbold, Esq., is attached to this bureau, who is assisted by three assistant engineers. This bureau has charge of the building and repairs of all vessels of war, purchase of materials, and the providing of all vessels with their equipments, as sails, anchors, water tanks, &c. The Engineer-in-chief superintends the construction of all marine steam engines for the navy, and, with all marine steam engines for the navy, and, with the approval of the Secretary, decides upon plans for their construction.

Bureau of Provisions and Clothing.—H. Bridge, Purser United States Navy, Chief of Bureau, and four Clerks. All provisions for the use of the navy, and clothing, together with the making of contracts for furnishing the same, come under the charge of this bureau.

Bureau of Ordnance and Hudrography .- Capt. Duncan Ingraham, Chief of Bureau, four Clerks, and one Draughtsman. This bureau has charge of all ordnance and ordnance stores, the manuof all ordnance and ordnance stores, the manufacture or purchase of cannon, guns, powder, shot, shells, &c., and the equipment of vessels of war, with everything connected therewith. It also provides them with maps, charts, chronometers, barometers, &c., together with such books as are furnished ships of war. "The United States Naval Observatory and Hydrographical Office" at Washington, and the Naval Academy at Annapolis, are also under the general superintendence of the Chief of this Bureau.

Bureau of Medicine and Surgery .- Dr. William Bureau of Memcine and Surgery.—Dr. William Whelan, Surgeon United States Navy, Chief of Bureau; one Passed Assistant Surgeon United States Navy, and two Clerks. Everything relating to medicines and medical stores, treatment of sick and wounded, and management of hospitals, comes within the superintendence of this hursal.

# WAR DEPARTMENT.

Hon. J. B. Floyd, Secretary of War, W. R. Drinkard, Chief Clerk, seven Clerks, two Messengers, and one Laborer. The following bureaus are attached to this Department.

Commanding General's Office.-This office, at the head of which is Lieutenant General Scott is at New York.

Adiutant General's Office .- Col. Samuel Coop Adjutant General: Ogice.—Col. Samuel Cooper, Adjutant General. Assistants—Major E. D. Townsend, Major W. A. Nichols, Capt. S. Williams, and Capt. J. P. Garesche; Judge Advocate, Major John F. Lee; ten Clerks and one Messenger. In this office are kept all the records which refer to the personnel of the army, the rolls, &c. It is here that all military commis-

Quartermaster General's Office .- Brevet Major General T. S. Jesup, Quartermaster General. Assistants—Major E. S. Sibley, Brevet Major H. C. Wayne, and Brevet Major J. Belger; eleven Clerks and one Messenger. Paymaster General's Office -Col. R. F. Larned

aster General, Lieut. Col. T. P. Andrews, Paymaster General, Lieut. Col. I. F. Augrewe, District Paymaster; seven Clerks and one Mes-Commissary General's Office.—General George Gibson, Commissary General; Assistant, Capt. A. E. Shiras; six Clerks and one Messenger.

Surgeon General's Office .- Gen. Thomas Lawson, Surgeon General; Assistant, Dr. R. C. Wood; three Clerks and one Messenger.

Engineer Office .- Gen. Joseph G. Totten, Chief Engineer; Assistant, Captain H. G. Wright; five Clerks and one Messenger.

Topographical Bureau.—Col. J. J. Abert, Colonel of the Corps; Assistant, Capt. I. C. Woodruff; five Clerks and one Messenger. Ordnance Bureau.-Col. H. K. Craig, Colonel of Ordnance; Assistant, Capt. William Mayna-dier; eight Clerks and one Messenger.

# J. J. COOMBS,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

WILL practice in the local Courts of this District, and in the Supreme Court and Court of Claims. Office at the corner of Indiana avenue and Second street.

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Jayne's Expectorant. Tyler's Syrup Gum Arabic. Brown's Bronchial Troches. Wistar's Cough Lozenges. Wistar's Balsam Wild Cherry. Swayne's Syrup Wild Cherry.
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